



PLACER, County Recorder
JIM MCCAULEY

DOC- 2004-0140667

Check Number 5442j1
Friday, OCT 22, 2004 10:36:25
MIC \$3.00: AUT \$33.00: SBS \$32.00
REC \$35.00:
Ttl Pd \$103.00 Nbr-0001171443
J1F/JL/1-33

**RECORDING REQUESTED BY AND
WHEN RECORDED PLEASE RETURN TO:**

City Clerk Department
City of Roseville
311 Vernon Street, Suite 208
Roseville, CA 95678
Telephone: (916) 774-5263

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

NOTICE OF SPECIAL TAX LIEN

CITY OF ROSEVILLE
WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1 (PUBLIC FACILITIES)
COUNTY OF PLACER, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 3114.5 of the Streets and Highways Code and Section 53324 of the Government Code, the undersigned, City Clerk of the City of Roseville, hereby gives notice that a lien to secure payment of a special tax which the City Council of the City of Roseville, County of Placer, State of California is authorized to levy is hereby imposed. The special tax secured by this lien is authorized to be levied for the purpose of: paying for the facilities or services described in **Exhibit A** attached hereto including paying principal and interest on bonds, the proceeds of which are being used to finance those facilities, and the incidental expenses related thereto.

The special tax is authorized to be levied within Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities), City of Roseville, County of Placer, State of California, which has now been officially formed and the lien of the special tax is a continuing lien which shall secure each annual levy of the special tax and which shall continue in force and effect until the special tax obligation is prepaid, permanently satisfied, and canceled in accordance with law, or until the special tax ceases to be levied and a notice of cessation of special tax is recorded in accordance with Section 53330.5 of the Government Code.

The rate, method of apportionment, and manner of collection of the authorized special tax is shown on **Exhibit B** attached hereto. Conditions under which the obligation to pay the special tax may be prepaid and permanently satisfied and the lien of the special tax canceled are as set forth in Exhibit B attached hereto.

Notice is further given that upon the recording of this notice in the office of the county recorder, the obligation to pay the special tax levy shall become a lien upon all nonexempt real property within Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities), City of Roseville, in accordance with Section 3115.5 of the Streets and Highways Code.

The name of the owner of the real property included within this community facilities district as it appears on the latest secured assessment roll as of the date of recording of this notice and the assessor's parcel number of such owner's property is set forth on **Exhibit C** hereto.

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Reference is made to the Boundary Map of the community facilities district recorded on August 18, 2004 in the Office of the County Recorder of the County of Placer as Document No. 2004- 331 and in Book 3, at Page 38 of the Maps of Assessment and Community Facilities District, which map is now the final boundary map of the community facilities district, and a notice of correction subsequently recorded which corrected the name of the District.

For further information concerning the current and estimated future tax liability of owners or purchasers of real property subject to this special tax lien, interested persons should contact the Director of Finance, City of Roseville, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, CA 95678.

Dated: September 15, 2004



Sonia Orozco,
City Clerk of the City of Roseville

- EXHIBIT A - Rate and Method of Apportionment
- EXHIBIT B - CFD Improvements
- EXHIBIT C - Property Owners and Parcel Numbers

EXHIBIT A

CITY OF ROSEVILLE WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1 (PUBLIC FACILITIES)

RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX

Special Taxes applicable to each Assessor's Parcel in Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities) [herein "CFD No. 1" or "the CFD"] shall be levied and collected according to the tax liability determined by the City Council of the City of Roseville, through the application of the appropriate amount or rate for Taxable Property, as described below. All of the property in CFD No. 1, unless exempted by law or by the provisions of Section G below, shall be taxed for the purposes, to the extent, and in the manner herein provided, including property subsequently annexed to CFD No. 1 unless a separate Rate and Method of Apportionment is adopted for the annexation area.

A. DEFINITIONS

The terms hereinafter set forth have the following meanings:

"Acre" or "Acreage" means the land area of an Assessor's Parcel as shown on an Assessor's Parcel Map, or if the land area is not shown on an Assessor's Parcel Map, the land area shown on the applicable Final Map or other Development Plan.

"Act" means the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, being Chapter 2.5, (commencing with Section 53311), Division 2 of Title 5 of the California Government Code.

"Administrative Expenses" means any or all of the following: the fees and expenses of any fiscal agent or trustee (including any fees or expenses of its counsel) employed in connection with any Bonds, and the expenses of the City carrying out its duties with respect to CFD No. 1 and the Bonds, including, but not limited to, levying and collecting the Special Taxes, the fees and expenses of legal counsel, charges levied by the County, costs related to annexing property into the CFD, costs related to property owner inquiries regarding the Special Taxes, costs associated with complying with any continuing disclosure requirements for the Bonds and the Special Taxes, and all other costs and expenses of the City in any way related to the establishment or administration of the CFD.

"Administrator" means the person or firm designated by the City to administer the Special Taxes according to this Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax.

"Affordable Housing Director" means, at any point in time, the person within the City who serves as head of the department that is in charge of the City's affordable housing program.

“Affordable Unit” means a Unit built on a Parcel of Single Family Detached Property or Single Family Attached Property for which an Affordable Purchase Development Agreement has been recorded on title of the property designating the Unit as affordable and resulting in a deed of trust on the Parcel in favor of the City. The City’s Affordable Housing Director shall determine which Units are designated as Affordable Units and maintain an Affordable Unit Listing which shall contain all designated buildable parcels by tract and lot number, and in the case of Large Lots parcels remaining prior to May 1 of the preceding Fiscal Year, the number of designated Affordable Units for each such Large Lot parcel; all entries shall indicate the effective date of designation. The Affordable Unit Listing shall also be updated to reflect those Units no longer qualifying as Affordable Units. The Affordable Unit Listing, which shall contain all qualifying Affordable Units as of April 30, shall be made available to Administrator by July 1 of each year for purposes of determining the Maximum Special Tax for Parcels pursuant to Sections C and D below.

“Affordable Unit Adjustment” means a reduction in the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for a Large Lot due to the assignment of Affordable Units to the Large Lot. No Affordable Unit Adjustment shall occur on Multi-Family Property, as the Assigned Special Tax for such property has already been adjusted to account for affordable units.

“Annual Tax Escalation Factor” means, in each Fiscal Year following the Base Year, an increase in the Maximum Special Tax in an amount equal to two percent (2%) of the Maximum Special Tax in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

“Assessor’s Parcel” or **“Parcel”** means a lot or parcel shown on an Assessor’s Parcel Map with an assigned Assessor’s Parcel number.

“Assessor’s Parcel Map” means an official map of the County Assessor designating parcels by Assessor’s Parcel number.

“Assigned Maximum Special Tax” means the Maximum Special Tax assigned to each Large Lot at CFD Formation based on the Expected Land Uses, as shown in Attachment 2 of this RMA.

“Base Year” means Fiscal Year 2004-05.

“Bonds” means bonds or other debt (as defined in the Act), whether in one or more series, issued, insured or assumed by CFD No. 1 related to public infrastructure and/or improvements that are authorized to be funded by CFD No. 1.

“Buildable Lot” means an individual lot within a Final Map for which a building permit may be issued without further subdivision of such lot.

“CFD Formation” means the date on which the Resolution of Formation to form CFD No. 1 was adopted by the City Council.

“CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenue” means the cumulative Maximum Special Tax revenue that can be collected from all property within CFD No. 1 after adjusting for the Expected Affordable

Units. The CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenue is shown in Attachment 2 of this RMA and may be reduced due to prepayments in future Fiscal Years.

“City” means the City of Roseville.

“City Council” means the City Council of the City of Roseville, acting as the legislative body of CFD No. 1.

“County” means the County of Placer.

“Developed Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, the following:

- for Single Family Detached Property, all Parcels for which a Final Map was recorded prior to May 1 of the preceding Fiscal Year
- for Single Family Attached Property, all Parcels for which a use permit or building permit for new construction of a residential structure was issued prior to May 1 of the preceding Fiscal Year.
- for Multi-Family Property, all Parcels for which a use permit or building permit for new construction of a residential structure was issued prior to May 1 of the preceding Fiscal Year.
- for Non-Residential Property, all Parcels for which a building permit for new construction of a building was issued prior to May 1 of the preceding Fiscal Year.

“Development Plan” means a condominium plan, apartment plan, site plan or other development plan that identifies such information as the type of structure, acreage, square footage, and/or number of Units that are approved to be developed on Single Family Attached Property, Multi-Family Property and Non-Residential Property. This information may be obtained from the City’s Development Activity Updates, which are published periodically by the City’s Planning Department.

“Expected Affordable Units” means a total of 85 medium density residential Units within CFD No. 1 that are expected to be Affordable Units. Upon recordation of Final Maps within CFD No. 1, the Affordable Housing Director will determine which Large Lots will include Affordable Units, and, upon such determination, the Administrator shall reduce the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot pursuant to the steps set forth in Section C.3a, C.3b, or C.3d (as applicable) below. If, in any Fiscal Year, the Affordable Housing Director identifies a total number of Affordable Units within CFD No. 1 that exceeds 85 Units, no Affordable Unit adjustment will be applied for the Affordable Units identified after the 85th Affordable Unit has been designated.

“Expected Land Uses” means the total number of single family and multi-family units, and acres of Non-Residential Property expected within each Large Lot at the time of CFD Formation. The Expected Land Uses are identified in Attachment 2 of this Rate and Method.

“Final Map” means a final map, or portion thereof, approved by the City pursuant to the Subdivision Map Act (California Government Code Section 66410 *et seq*) that creates Buildable Lots. The term “Final Map” shall not include any Large-Lot Subdivision Map, Small Lot Tentative Map, Assessor’s Parcel Map, or subdivision map or portion thereof, that does not create Buildable Lots, including Assessor’s Parcels that are designated as remainder parcels.

“Finance Director” means the Finance Director for the City of Roseville or his or her designee.

“Fiscal Year” means the period starting July 1 and ending on the following June 30.

“Land Use Class” means, individually, Developed Property, Small Lot Tentative Map Property, Large-Lot Subdivision Map Property, and Undeveloped Property.

“Large Lot” means a specific geographic area within CFD No. 1 that (i) is created upon recordation of a Large-Lot Subdivision Map within CFD No. 1, (ii) is expected to have Buildable Lots of a similar size, and (iii) has an Assigned Maximum Special Tax that will ultimately be allocated to the Buildable Lots within the Large Lot as Final Maps are recorded. The Large Lots expected at CFD Formation are shown in Attachment 1 of this RMA, and the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for each Large Lot within CFD No. 1 is shown in Attachment 2.

“Large-Lot Subdivision Map” means a subdivision map recorded at the County Recorder’s Office that subdivides the property in CFD No. 1 into Large Lots.

“Large-Lot Subdivision Map Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels which are included within a Large-Lot Subdivision Map that was approved prior to May 1 of the prior Fiscal Year, and which have not yet become Small Lot Tentative Map Property.

“Market-Rate Unit” means a unit that is not an Affordable Unit.

“Maximum Special Tax” means the greatest amount of Special Tax that can be levied on an Assessor’s Parcel in any Fiscal Year determined in accordance with Sections C and D below.

“Multi-Family Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels in CFD No. 1 for which a building permit was issued or may be issued for construction of a residential structure with multiple units that share common walls, all of which are offered for rent to the general public.

“Non-Residential Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels of Developed Property within CFD No. 1 which are not Single Family Detached Property, Single Family Attached Property, Multi-Family Property, or Taxable Public Property.

“Original Parcel” means an Assessor’s Parcel in CFD No. 1 at the time of CFD Formation, as identified in Attachment 1. A Successor Parcel that is being further subdivided shall also be considered an Original Parcel for purposes of determining the Maximum Special Taxes pursuant to Section C.

“Public Property” means any property within the boundaries of CFD No. 1 that is owned by the federal government, State of California, County, City, or other public agency.

“RMA” means this Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax.

“Single Family Attached Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Buildable Lots in CFD No. 1 for which a building permit was issued or may be issued for construction of a residential structure consisting of two or more Units that share common walls and are offered as for-sale Units, including such residential structures that meet the statutory definition of a condominium contained in Civil Code Section 1351.

“Single Family Detached Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels in CFD No. 1 for which a building permit was issued or may be issued for construction of a Unit that does not share a common wall with another Unit.

“Small Lot Tentative Map” means a map that is made for the purpose of showing the design of a proposed subdivision, including the individual Buildable Lots that are expected within the subdivision, as well as the conditions pertaining thereto. A Small Lot Tentative Map is not based on a detailed survey of the property within the map and is not recorded at the County Recorder’s Office to create legal lots.

“Small Lot Tentative Map Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels which are included within a Small Lot Tentative Map that was approved prior to May 1 of the prior Fiscal Year, and which have not yet become Developed Property.

“Special Tax” means a special tax levied in any Fiscal Year to pay the Special Tax Requirement, as defined below.

“Special Tax Requirement” means the amount necessary in any Fiscal Year (i) to pay principal and interest on Bonds, (ii) to create or replenish reserve funds, (iii) to pay Administrative Expenses, (iv) to cure any delinquencies in the payment of principal or interest on indebtedness of CFD No. 1 which have occurred in the prior Fiscal Year or (based on delinquencies in the payment of the Special Taxes which have already taken place) are expected to occur in the Fiscal Year in which the tax will be collected, and (v) to pay construction expenses to be funded directly from Special Tax proceeds. The amounts referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) of the preceding sentence may be reduced in any Fiscal Year by: (i) interest earnings on or surplus balances in funds and accounts for the Bonds to the extent that such earnings or balances are available to apply against debt service pursuant to a Bond indenture, Bond resolution, or other legal document that sets forth these terms; (ii) proceeds received by CFD No. 1 from the collection of penalties associated with delinquent Special Taxes; and (iii) any other revenues available to pay debt service on the Bonds as determined by the Administrator.

“Successor Parcel” means an Assessor’s Parcel of Taxable Property created by the subdivision or reconfiguration of an Original Parcel.

“Taxable Property” means all of the Assessor’s Parcels within the boundaries of CFD No. 1 which are not exempt from the Special Tax pursuant to law or Section G below.

“Taxable Public Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels of Public Property within CFD No. 1 that, based on a tentative map or other Development Plan, were expected to be Taxable Property and, based on this expectation, Maximum Special Taxes were assigned to the Parcels in prior Fiscal Years.

“Undeveloped Property” means, in any Fiscal Year, all Parcels of Taxable Property within CFD No. 1 that are not yet Developed Property, Small Lot Tentative Map Property, or Large-Lot Subdivision Map Property.

“Unit” means (i) for Single Family Detached Property, an individual single-family detached unit, and (ii) for Single Family Attached Property, an individual residential unit within a duplex, triplex, fourplex, townhome, or condominium structure.

B. DATA FOR ADMINISTRATION OF THE SPECIAL TAX

On or about July 1 of each Fiscal Year, the Administrator shall identify the current Assessor’s Parcel numbers for all Parcels of Taxable Property within CFD No. 1. The Administrator shall also determine: (i) whether each Assessor’s Parcel of Taxable Property is Developed Property, Small Lot Tentative Map Property, Large-Lot Subdivision Map Property, or Undeveloped Property, (ii) for Parcels of Single Family Attached Property, the number of Units on each Parcel, (iii) for Non-Residential Property, the Acreage of each Parcel, (iv) for Buildable Lots within the Large Lots designated as W-1 and W-2 in Attachment 1, the square footage of each Buildable Lot, and (v) the Special Tax Requirement. For Single Family Attached Property, the number of Units shall be determined by referencing the Development Plan for the property.

In any Fiscal Year, if it is determined that: (i) a parcel map for property in CFD No. 1 was recorded after January 1 of the prior Fiscal Year (or any other date after which the Assessor will not incorporate the newly-created parcels into the then current tax roll), (ii) because of the date the parcel map was recorded, the Assessor does not yet recognize the new parcels created by the parcel map, and (iii) one or more of the newly-created parcels is in a different Land Use Class than other parcels created by the subdivision, the Administrator shall calculate the Special Tax for the property affected by recordation of the parcel map by determining the Special Tax that applies separately to the property within each Land Use Class, then applying the sum of the individual Special Taxes to the Original Parcel or Successor Parcel that was subdivided by recordation of the parcel map.

If, in any Fiscal Year, it is determined that, based on building permits that have been issued, for-sale residential Units will be built within a structure constructed on a Parcel of Non-Residential Property, the Administrator shall determine whether (i) Units that have been or will be built on the Parcel will be offered for sale to individual home buyers, and (ii) a separate Assessor’s Parcel number will be assigned to the airspace parcel associated with each Unit. Once separate Parcel numbers have been assigned to the residential airspace Parcels, the Administrator shall assign a Maximum Special Tax

to the airspace Parcel for each residential unit. The Maximum Special Tax for the Base Year for such Units is \$500, which amount shall be increased each Fiscal Year thereafter by the Annual Tax Escalation Factor. The Administrator shall also tax commercial land uses on the Parcel using the Maximum Special Tax for the commercial uses within that Large Lot as shown in Attachment 2. The acreage to be used to calculate the Maximum Special Tax on the commercial uses shall be the full land area of the underlying Assessor's Parcel on which the residential and commercial land uses are located.

Upon recordation of each Final Map creating Single Family Detached Property and/or Single Family Attached Property, the Affordable Housing Director is to determine the number of Affordable Units included within the Final Map. As set forth in Sections C.3a, C.3b and C.3d below, once the Affordable Housing Director has designated the number of Affordable Units on each Parcel, the Administrator shall reduce the Maximum Special Tax for each Affordable Unit to fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Special Tax that applies to the market-rate Units created by recordation of that Final Map. This reduction shall not be applied if the Administrator determines that the Expected Affordable Units have already been designated on other Parcels, and the designation of additional Affordable Units would reduce the CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenues. After May 1 of each Fiscal Year, the Administrator shall obtain the Affordable Unit Listing from the Affordable Housing Director to confirm which Parcels and Large Lots qualify for an Affordable Unit Adjustment in the following Fiscal Year.

C. CALCULATING THE MAXIMUM SPECIAL TAX

The Administrator shall apply the applicable subsection below to determine the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel of Taxable Property within CFD No. 1:

1. Prior to Recordation of a Large-Lot Subdivision Map

Prior to recordation of a Large-Lot Subdivision Map, the Maximum Special Tax assigned to Original Parcels within the CFD shall be as follows:

Fiscal Year 2004-05 Assessor's Parcel Number	Fiscal Year 2004-05 Maximum Special Tax *
017-0150-037	\$2,899,194
017-0150-003	\$681,669
017-0100-043	\$1,021,354
017-0100-044	\$325,533
* <i>Beginning July 1, 2005 and each July 1 thereafter, the Maximum Special Taxes shown above shall be adjusted by applying the Annual Tax Escalation Factor.</i>	

If an Assessor's Parcel number shown above is changed, the Maximum Special Tax shall continue to apply to the Parcel to which it was assigned. If Parcels are reconfigured due to an action other than recordation of a Large-Lot Subdivision Map, the Maximum Special Tax shall be spread on a per-acre basis to all new Assessor's Parcels created by the reconfiguration.

2. *After Recordation of a Large-Lot Subdivision Map, Prior to Recordation of a Final Map*

The Maximum Special Tax assigned to each Large Lot expected at CFD Formation is identified in Attachment 2 of this RMA. If, upon recordation of the Large-Lot Subdivision Map for property within the CFD, it is determined that the actual boundaries of the Large Lots are different than that shown in Attachment 1, Attachment 1 shall be updated and the correct boundaries of each Large Lot shall be reflected in the attachment. If, at the same time changes are being made to Attachment 1, it is determined that the number of Buildable Lots, Acreage of Multi-Family Property, or Acreage of Non-Residential Property within a Large Lot has changed, the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for each Large Lot in Attachment 2 may, in the City's sole discretion, also be changed as long as the CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenues are not reduced. If the City determines that such an adjustment is needed, the adjustment shall be effective immediately after recordation of the Large-Lot Subdivision Map, after which time the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for each Large Lot shall be fixed for all future Fiscal Years, except as otherwise provided in Section D below. After both attachments have been updated, the Administrator shall record, or cause to be recorded, an amended Notice of Special Tax Lien that includes the revised attachments. If such an adjustment and recording takes place, the property owner that requested the adjustment shall bear the costs to effect the adjustment and prepare the required amendments to the Notice of Special Tax Lien and Attachments 1 and 2. Prior to approval of the adjustment, the City may require a deposit from the requesting property owner for the estimated cost to perform such adjustment.

Unless an adjustment is made pursuant to the prior paragraph, the Maximum Special Tax for property within a Large Lot shall be the Assigned Maximum Special Tax identified in Attachment 2 of this RMA. If there are multiple Assessor's Parcels within a Large Lot prior to recordation of a Final Map within the Large Lot, the Assigned Maximum Special Tax shall be allocated on a per-Acre basis to each Parcel of Taxable Property to determine the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel. Upon recordation of the Large-Lot Subdivision Map, the actual boundary of each Large Lot may change slightly from that shown in Attachment 1; such change shall have no impact on the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for each Large Lot unless an adjustment is also made to the Assigned Maximum Special Tax as permitted in the paragraph above.

3. *After Recordation of a Final Map*

a. **Final Map Creating Buildable Lots of Single Family Detached Property Throughout Entire Large Lot**

If the Parcels created by a recorded Final Map within a Large Lot are all Buildable Lots of Single Family Detached Property, the Administrator shall apply the following steps to allocate the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot to each of the Buildable Lots created by the subdivision:

Step 1: Identify the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot for the then-current Fiscal Year.

Step 2a: For Large Lots W-1 and W-2 (as identified in Attachment 1)

Determine how many Buildable Lots are greater than 5,000 square feet and multiply the number of such lots by an equivalent dwelling unit (EDU) factor of 1.3 to calculate the total EDUs associated with the lots.

Determine how many Buildable Lots are less than or equal to 5,000 square feet and add this total number of lots to the EDUs calculated above to determine the total EDUs for all Buildable Lots within the Final Map.

Divide the Assigned Maximum Special Tax by the total EDUs calculated above to determine the Maximum Special Tax per EDU, which will also be the Maximum Special Tax for all Buildable Lots that are less than or equal to 5,000 square feet. Multiply the Maximum Special Tax per EDU by 1.3 to calculate the Maximum Special Tax for each Buildable Lot greater than 5,000 square feet.

Step 2b: For Large Lots Other Than W-1 and W-2

Divide the Assigned Maximum Special Tax from Step 1 by the number of Buildable Lots created by the Final Map to determine the Maximum Special Tax for each Buildable Lot.

Step 3: Determine if Affordable Units have been designated within the Large Lot by the Affordable Housing Director. If *yes*, each Parcel on which an Affordable Unit has been designated by the Affordable Housing Director shall be assigned one-half (1/2) of the Maximum Special Tax determined in Step 2a or 2b, and all other Buildable Lots will be assigned the amount from Step 2a or 2b as the Maximum Special Tax for the Fiscal Year. If *no*, all Buildable Lots in the Final Map shall be assigned the Maximum Special Tax determined in Step 2a or 2b.

b. Final Map Creating Buildable Lots of Single Family Attached Property Throughout Entire Large Lot

If the Parcels created by a recorded Final Map within a Large Lot are all Buildable Lots of Single Family Attached Property, the Administrator shall apply the following steps to allocate the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot to each of the Units that are expected to be built based on reference to the Development Plan for the Single Family Attached Property:

Step 1: Identify the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot for the then-current Fiscal Year.

Step 2: Divide the Assigned Maximum Special Tax from Step 1 by the number of Units expected to be built on the property within the Final Map to determine the Maximum Special Tax for each Unit.

Step 3: Determine if any of the Units have been designated as Affordable Units by the Affordable Housing Director. If *yes*, each Parcel on which an Affordable Unit has been designated shall be assigned one-half (1/2) of the Maximum Special Tax determined in Step 2, and all other Units will be assigned the amount from Step 2 as the Maximum Special Tax for the Fiscal Year. If *no*, all Units created within the Final Map shall be assigned the Maximum Special Tax determined in Step 2.

c. **Final Map Creating No Buildable Lots of Single Family Detached Property or Single Family Attached Property**

If none of the Successor Parcels created by recordation of a Final Map are Buildable Lots of Single Family Detached Property or Single Family Attached Property, the Administrator shall apply the following steps to allocate the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot to each of the Successor Parcels:

Step 1: Identify the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot.

Step 2: Determine the total Acreage of Taxable Property created by subdivision of the Large Lot.

Step 3: Divide the Assigned Maximum Special Tax from Step 1 by the Acreage from Step 2 to calculate Maximum Special Tax per acre.

Step 4: Multiply the per-acre Maximum Special Tax from Step 3 by the Acreage in each Successor Parcel to calculate the Maximum Special Tax for each Successor Parcel.

d. **Final Map Creating Buildable Lots in a Portion of the Large Lot**

If a Final Map records creating Buildable Lots within only a portion of a Large Lot, the Administrator shall apply the following steps to allocate the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot to each of the Successor Parcels:

Step 1: Identify the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot.

Step 2: Determine the number of Buildable Lots created within the Final Map area.

Step 3: Multiply the Buildable Lots from Step 2 by the "Base Tax Rate per Unit" shown in Attachment 2 for the Large Lot that has been subdivided

by the Final Map to determine the Maximum Special Tax associated with the Buildable Lots created by the Final Map. The Base Tax Rate per Unit shall be used as the Maximum Special Tax for all Buildable Lots included in the Final Map, except Affordable Units (as designated by the Affordable Housing Director) which shall be set at one-half of the rate of Market Units within the Final Map.

- Step 4:** Subtract the Maximum Special Tax associated with the Buildable Lots as determined in Step 3 from the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot that was identified in Step 1.
- Step 5:** Subtract the Acreage of Taxable Property included within the Final Map from the total Acreage of Taxable Property in all Successor Parcels within the Large Lot that resulted after recordation of the Final Map to determine the Acreage of Taxable Property that is not included within the Final Map.
- Step 6:** Divide the remainder determined in Step 4 by the remainder determined in Step 5 to calculate the per-acre Maximum Special Tax that will apply to Taxable Property not included within the Final Map.
- Step 7:** Multiply the per-acre Maximum Special Tax from Step 6 by the Acreage in each Successor Parcel not included within the Final Map to calculate the Maximum Special Tax for each such Successor Parcel.

If, after subdivision of a Large Lot, a Successor Parcel is further subdivided, the Successor Parcel shall be treated as an Original Parcel for purposes of allocating Maximum Special Taxes pursuant to Section C.3c, or C.3d, as appropriate.

After each reallocation of the Maximum Special Tax upon subdivision or reconfiguration of a Large Lot, the sum of the Maximum Special Taxes assigned to Successor Parcels shall never be less than the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for that Large Lot as shown in Attachment 2. Once a Maximum Special Tax has been assigned to a Parcel within a Final Map, the Maximum Special Tax shall not be reduced in future Fiscal Years regardless of changes in land use, Parcel size, ownership or Special Taxes assigned elsewhere in the Large Lot.

D. CHANGES TO THE MAXIMUM SPECIAL TAX

1. Annual Escalation of Special Tax

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2005-06, and each Fiscal Year thereafter, the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for each Large Lot shown in Attachment 2, and the Maximum Special Tax assigned to each Parcel of Taxable Property within the CFD, shall be adjusted by the Annual Special Tax Escalation Factor.

2. *Affordable Units that Become Market-Rate Units*

If, in any Fiscal Year, the Affordable Housing Director determines that a Unit that had previously been designated as an Affordable Unit no longer qualifies as such, the Affordable Housing Director shall update the Affordable Unit Listing by denoting the change in status of the Unit, together with the effective date thereof. The Maximum Special Tax on the Unit that no longer qualifies as an Affordable Unit shall be increased to double the amount that would have applied in that Fiscal Year if the Unit had remained as an Affordable Unit. In subsequent Fiscal Years, this increased Maximum Special Tax shall continue to escalate two percent (2%) per year.

3. *Transfer of the Assigned Maximum Special Tax from One Large Lot to Another*

The Assigned Maximum Special Taxes in Attachment 2 were determined based on the Expected Land Uses for each Large Lot. If the number of planned residential units or non-residential acreage is transferred from one Large Lot to another prior to recordation of a Final Map within any portion of the Large Lot, the City may, in its sole discretion, allow for a transfer of the Assigned Special Tax from one Large Lot to the other. Such a transfer shall only be allowed if (i) all adjustments are agreed to in writing by the affected property owners and the Finance Director, and (ii) there is no reduction in the CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenues as a result of the transfer. Should a transfer result in an amendment to Attachment Nos. 1 or 2 of the Notice of Special Tax Lien, the requesting property owner shall bear the costs to effect the transfer in the District records and prepare the required amendments to the Notice of Special Tax Lien and Attachment Nos. 1 and 2. Prior to the transfer, the City may require a deposit from the requesting property owner for such costs. If such a transfer is requested, the Administrator shall apply the following steps to redistribute the Maximum Special Tax among the Parcels:

- Step 1:** Determine the Maximum Special Tax associated with the land uses that will be transferred by multiplying the number of residential units or non-residential acreage by the "Base Tax Rate" identified for the units or acreage in Attachment 2 (escalated to the then-current Fiscal Year).
- Step 2:** Subtract the amount determined in Step 1 from the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot from which the units or acreage will be transferred to determine the new Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot.
- Step 3:** Add the amount determined in Step 1 to the Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot to which the units or acreage is being transferred to determine the new Assigned Maximum Special Tax for the Large Lot.

4. *Conversion of a Parcel of Public Property to Private Use*

If, in any Fiscal Year, a Parcel of Public Property is converted to private use, such Parcel shall be subject to the levy of the Special Tax. The Maximum Special Tax for each such Parcel shall be determined based on the average Maximum Special Tax per unit or acre for Parcels with similar land use designations, as determined by the Finance Director.

E. METHOD OF LEVY OF THE SPECIAL TAX

Commencing with Fiscal Year 2005-06 and for each following Fiscal Year, the Administrator shall determine the Special Tax Requirement for that Fiscal Year and levy the Special Tax on all Parcels of Taxable Property as follows:

- Step 1:* The Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Parcel of Developed Property within the CFD up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
 - Step 2:* If additional revenue is needed after Step 1, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Small Lot Tentative Map Property within the CFD, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
 - Step 3:* If additional revenue is needed after Step 2, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Large-Lot Subdivision Map Property within the CFD, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
 - Step 4:* If additional revenue is needed after Step 3, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property partially or wholly included within Phase 1 of Westpark, as identified in Attachment 1 hereto, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
 - Step 5:* If additional revenue is needed after Step 4, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property partially or wholly included within Phase 2 of Westpark, as identified in Attachment 1 hereto, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
 - Step 6:* If additional revenue is needed after Step 5, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property partially or wholly included within Phase 3 of Westpark, as identified in Attachment 1 hereto, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
 - Step 7:* If additional revenue is needed after Step 6, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property partially or wholly included within Phase 4 of Westpark, as identified in Attachment 1 hereto, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for each Parcel for such Fiscal Year;
-

Step 8: If additional revenue is needed after Step 7, the Special Tax shall be levied proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Taxable Public Property, up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax assigned to each Parcel.

F. COLLECTION OF SPECIAL TAX

The Special Tax shall be collected in the same manner and at the same time as ordinary ad valorem property taxes, provided, however, that prepayments are permitted as set forth in Section H below and provided further that the City may directly bill, collect at a different time or in a different manner, and/or collect delinquent Special Taxes through foreclosure or other available methods.

The Special Tax shall be levied and collected until principal and interest on Bonds have been repaid, costs of constructing or acquiring authorized facilities from Special Tax proceeds have been paid, and all administrative expenses have been reimbursed. However, in no event shall a Special Tax be levied after Fiscal Year 2050-51. Under no circumstances may the Special Tax on one Parcel in the CFD be increased by more than ten percent (10%) as a consequence of delinquency or default in payment of the Special Tax levied on another Parcel or Parcels in the CFD.

G. EXEMPTIONS

Notwithstanding any other provision of this RMA, no Special Tax shall be levied on Public Property, except Taxable Public Property, as defined herein. In addition, no Special Tax shall be levied on Parcels that are not Public Property but are (i) designated as permanent open space or common space on which no structure is permitted to be built, (ii) owned by a public utility for use as an unmanned facility, or (iii) subject to an easement that precludes any other use on the Parcel. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Maximum Special Tax was assigned to a Parcel, and the entire Parcel ends up subject to one of the exemptions set forth above, the Parcel shall remain subject to the Special Tax levy until a prepayment is received that releases such Parcel from the Special Tax obligation.

H. PREPAYMENT OF SPECIAL TAX

The following definitions apply to this Section H:

"Outstanding Bonds" means all Previously Issued Bonds which remain outstanding, with the following exception: if a Special Tax has been levied against, or already paid by, an Assessor's Parcel making a prepayment, and a portion of the Special Tax will be used to pay a portion of the next principal payment on the Bonds that remain outstanding (as determined by the Administrator), that next principal payment shall be subtracted from the total Bond principal that remains outstanding, and the difference shall be used as the amount of Outstanding Bonds for purposes of this prepayment formula.

“Previously Issued Bonds” means all Bonds that have been issued on behalf of the CFD prior to the date of prepayment.

“Public Facilities Requirements” means either \$60,000,000 in 2004 dollars, which shall increase on January 1, 2005, and on each January 1 thereafter by the percentage increase, if any, in the construction cost index for the San Francisco region for the prior twelve (12) month period as published in the Engineering News Record or other comparable source if the Engineering News Record is discontinued or otherwise not available, or such other number as shall be determined by the City to be an appropriate estimate of the net construction proceeds that will be generated from all Bonds that have been or are expected to be issued on behalf of CFD No. 1. The Public Facilities Requirements shown above may be adjusted or a separate Public Facilities Requirements identified each time property annexes into CFD No. 1; at no time shall the added Public Facilities Requirement for that annexation area exceed the amount of public improvement costs that are expected to be supportable by the Maximum Special Tax revenues generated within that annexation area.

“Remaining Facilities Costs” means the Public Facilities Requirements (as defined above), minus public facility costs funded by Previously Issued Bonds (as defined above), developer equity, and/or any other source of funding.

1. Full Prepayment

The Special Tax obligation applicable to an Assessor’s Parcel in the CFD may be prepaid and the obligation of the Assessor’s Parcel to pay the Special Tax permanently satisfied as described herein, provided that a prepayment may be made only if there are no delinquent Special Taxes with respect to such Assessor’s Parcel at the time of prepayment. An owner of an Assessor’s Parcel intending to prepay the Special Tax obligation shall provide the City with written notice of intent to prepay. Within 30 days of receipt of such written notice, the City or its designee shall notify such owner of the prepayment amount for such Assessor’s Parcel. Prepayment must be made not less than 75 days prior to any redemption date for Bonds to be redeemed with the proceeds of such prepaid Special Taxes. The Prepayment Amount shall be calculated as follows: (capitalized terms as defined below):

	Bond Redemption Amount
plus	Remaining Facilities Amount
plus	Redemption Premium
plus	Defeasance Requirement
plus	Administrative Fees and Expenses
less	<u>Reserve Fund Credit</u>
equals	Prepayment Amount

As of the proposed date of prepayment, the Prepayment Amount shall be determined by application of the following steps:

- Step 1.** Determine the Maximum Special Tax that could be collected from the Assessor's Parcel prepaying the Special Tax in the Fiscal Year in which prepayment would be received by the City.
- Step 2.** Divide the Maximum Special Tax from Step 1 by the CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenues for the Fiscal Year in which prepayment would be received by the City.
- Step 3.** Multiply the quotient computed pursuant to Step 2 by the Outstanding Bonds to compute the amount of Outstanding Bonds to be retired and prepaid (*the "Bond Redemption Amount"*).
- Step 4.** Compute the current Remaining Facilities Costs (if any).
- Step 5.** Multiply the quotient computed pursuant to Step 2 by the amount determined pursuant to Step 4 to compute the amount of Remaining Facilities Costs to be prepaid (*the "Remaining Facilities Amount"*).
- Step 6.** Multiply the Bond Redemption Amount computed pursuant to Step 3 by the applicable redemption premium, if any, on the Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed (*the "Redemption Premium"*).
- Step 7.** Compute the amount needed to pay interest on the Bond Redemption Amount starting with the first Bond interest payment date after which the prepayment has been received until the earliest redemption date for the Outstanding Bonds, which, depending on the Bond offering document, may be as early as the next interest payment date.
- Step 8:** Compute the amount of interest the City reasonably expects to derive from reinvestment of the Bond Redemption Amount plus the Redemption Premium from the first Bond interest payment date after which the prepayment has been received until the redemption date for the Outstanding Bonds.
- Step 9:** Take the amount computed pursuant to Step 7 and subtract the amount computed pursuant to Step 8 (*the "Defeasance Requirement"*).
- Step 10.** Determine the costs of computing the prepayment amount, the costs of redeeming Bonds, and the costs of recording any notices to evidence the prepayment and the redemption (*the "Administrative Fees and Expenses"*).
- Step 11.** If and to the extent so provided in the indenture pursuant to which the Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed were issued, a reserve fund credit shall be calculated as a reduction in the applicable reserve fund for the Outstanding

Bonds to be redeemed pursuant to the prepayment (the "*Reserve Fund Credit*").

Step 12. The Special Tax prepayment is equal to the sum of the amounts computed pursuant to Steps 3, 5, 6, 9, and 10, less the amount computed pursuant to Step 11 (the "*Prepayment Amount*").

2. *Partial Prepayment*

A partial prepayment may be made in an amount equal to any percentage of full prepayment desired by the party making a partial prepayment, except that the full amount of administrative fees and expenses determined in Step 10 shall be included in the partial prepayment. The Maximum Special Tax that can be levied on a Parcel after a partial prepayment is made is equal to the Maximum Special Tax that could have been levied prior to the prepayment, reduced by the percentage of the full prepayment that the partial prepayment represents, all as determined by or at the direction of the Administrator.

I. INTERPRETATION OF SPECIAL TAX FORMULA

The City reserves the right to make minor administrative and technical changes to this document that does not materially affect the rate and method of apportioning the Special Taxes. In addition, the interpretation and application of any section of this document shall be left to the City's discretion. Interpretations may be made by the City by ordinance or resolution for purposes of clarifying any vagueness or ambiguity in this RMA.

ATTACHMENT 1

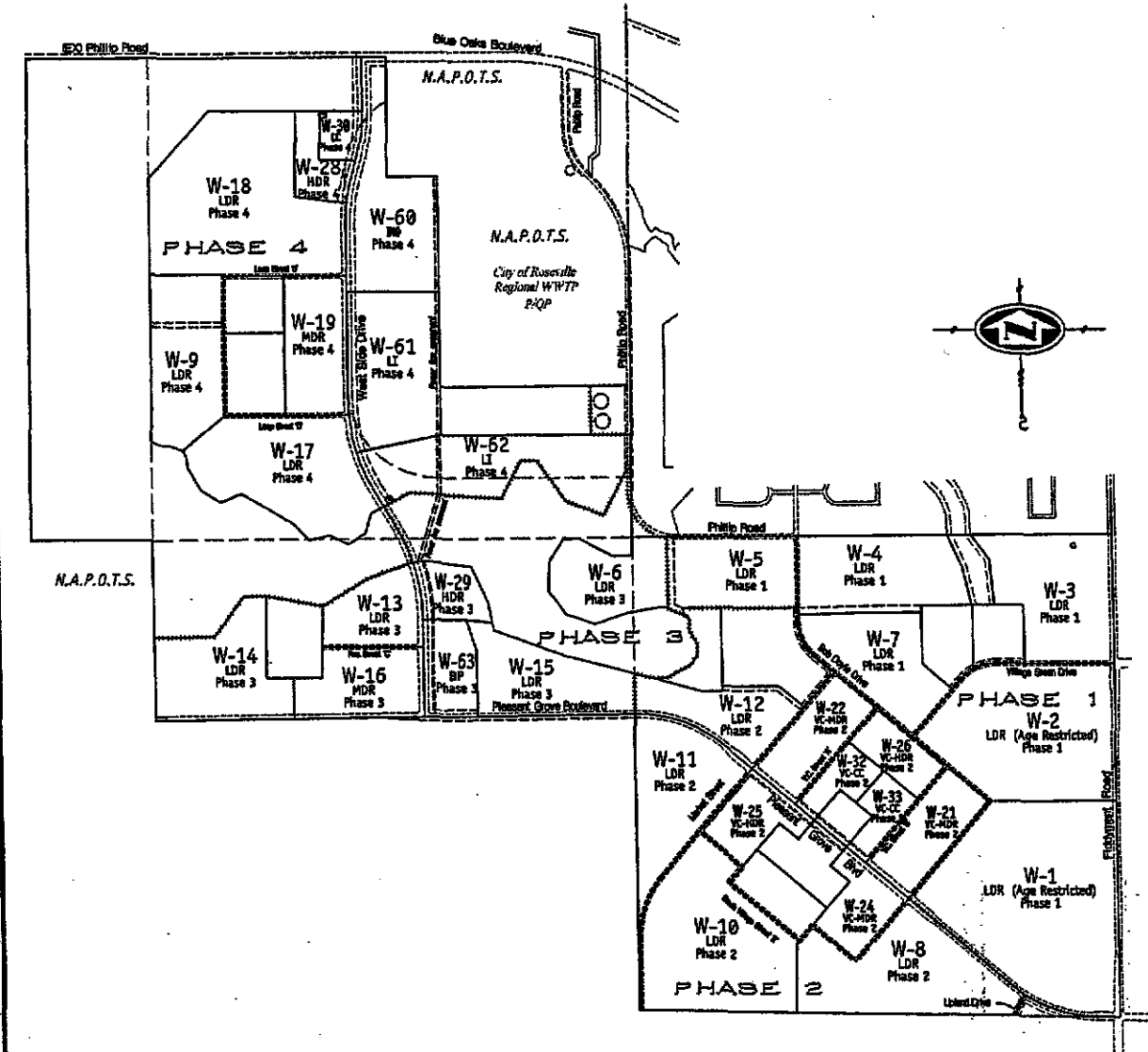
**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1
(PUBLIC FACILITIES)**

IDENTIFICATION OF LARGE LOTS

ATTACHMENT 1

CITY OF ROSEVILLE WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1 (PUBLIC FACILITIES)

IDENTIFICATION OF LARGE LOTS



ATTACHMENT 2

**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1
(PUBLIC FACILITIES)**

EXPECTED LAND USES AND ASSIGNED MAXIMUM SPECIAL TAXES

Large Lot [1]	Land Use [2]	Expected Acreage or Lot Size	Expected # of Residential Units	Base Tax Rate per Unit (Residential) and per Acre (Non- Residential) [3]	Assigned Maximum Special Tax [3]
<i>PHASE I</i>					
W-1	LDR (Active Adult)	Lots > 5,000 sqft	225 units	\$1,200	\$270,000
W-2	LDR (Active Adult)	Lots ≤ 5,000 sqft	173 units	\$900	\$155,700
		Lots > 5,000 sqft	137 units	\$1,200	\$164,400
W-3	LDR	Lots ≤ 5,000 sqft	169 units	\$900	\$152,100
		38.1	198 units	\$1,300	\$257,400
W-4	LDR	31.4	147 units	\$1,300	\$191,100
W-5	LDR	23.0	88 units	\$1,300	\$114,400
W-7	LDR	27.9	111 units	\$1,300	\$144,300
<i>PHASE II</i>					
W-8	LDR	42.3	180 units	\$1,300	\$234,000
W-10	LDR	54.1	261 units	\$1,300	\$339,300
W-11	LDR	32.3	148 units	\$1,300	\$192,400
W-12	LDR	18.9	61 units	\$1,300	\$79,300
W-21	VC-MDR	16.8	144 units	\$1,000	\$144,000
W-22	VC-MDR	16.8	144 units	\$1,000	\$144,000
W-24	VC-MDR	12.5	95 units	\$1,000	\$95,000
W-25	VC-HDR	12.4	96 units	\$500	\$84,000
	VC-HDR (affordable)		144 units	\$250	(combined)
W-26	VC-HDR	10.0	132 units	\$500	\$66,000
W-32	VC-CC	7.2	N/A	\$5,000	\$36,000
W-33	VC-CC	7.2	N/A	\$5,000	\$36,000

Large Lot [1]	Land Use [2]	Expected Acreage	Expected # of Residential Units	Base Tax Rate per Unit (Residential) and per Acre (Non-Residential) [3]	Assigned Maximum Special Tax [3]
PHASE III					
W-6	LDR	22.8	77 units	\$1,300	\$100,100
W-13	LDR	17.0	60 units	\$1,300	\$78,000
W-14	LDR	31.7	115 units	\$1,300	\$149,500
W-15	LDR	27.6	80 units	\$1,300	\$104,000
W-16	MDR	20.6	160 units	\$1,000	\$160,000
W-29	HDR	8.0	150 units	\$250	\$37,500
W-63	(affordable) BP	10.5	N/A	\$5,000	\$52,500
PHASE IV					
W-9	LDR	31.9	95 units	\$1,300	\$123,500
W-17	LDR	46.0	210 units	\$1,300	\$273,000
W-18	LDR	71.2	280 units	\$1,300	\$364,000
W-19	MDR	21.9	165 units	\$1,000	\$165,000
W-28	HDR	9.0	128 units	\$500	\$75,750
	HDR (affordable)		47 units	\$250	(combined)
W-30	CC	4.0	N/A	\$5,000	\$20,000
W-60	IND	34.3	N/A	\$3,000	\$102,900
W-61	LI	35.9	N/A	\$3,000	\$107,700
W-62	LI	38.3	N/A	\$3,000	\$114,900
Total Assigned Maximum Special Tax Revenues (Fiscal Year 2004-05)					\$4,927,750
Adjustment for Expected Affordable Units (85 Expected MDR Units)					<u>(\$42,500)</u>
CFD Maximum Special Tax Revenues (Fiscal Year 2004-05)					\$4,885,250

1. See Attachment 1 for the geographic area associated with each Large Lot.
2. LDR = Low Density Residential
MDR = Medium Density Residential
HDR = High Density Residential
VC-MDR = Village Center Medium Density Residential
VC-HDR = Village Center High Density Residential
VC-CC = Village Center Community Commercial
BP = Business Park
CC = Community Commercial
IND = Industrial
LI = Light Industrial
3. Beginning July 1, 2005 and each July 1 thereafter, the Maximum Special Taxes shown above shall be adjusted by applying the Annual Tax Escalation Factor.

Source of Data: Morton & Pitalo, July 14, 2004

EXHIBIT B

Westpark
Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 1
City of Roseville, California

LIST OF AUTHORIZED FACILITIES

The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 authorizes the creation of a Community Facilities District (CFD) to finance the construction of community infrastructure. The following backbone facilities and improvements, described in the WRSP Public Facilities Financing Plan (Financing Plan) and designed to serve the Westpark project area located in the West Roseville Specific Plan (Specific Plan), are eligible for funding through this CFD.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include the following transportation-related improvements, as shown on **Attachment 1**:

- Fiddymment Road;
- Del Webb Boulevard;
- Pleasant Grove Boulevard;
- Village Green Drive;
- Bob Doyle Drive;
- Phillip Road;
- Upland Drive;
- West Side Drive;
- Market Street;
- Loop Street D;
- Residential Street C;
- Village Center Streets, as indicated in the Specific Plan;
- Other public roadway improvements designed to meet the needs of the project.

Eligible roadway improvements include, but are not limited to, these: acquisition of land and easements; roadway design; project management; bridge crossings and culverts; clearing, grubbing, and demolition; grading, soil import/export, paving (including slurry seal), and decorative/ enhanced pavement concrete and/or pavers; joint trenches, underground utilities and undergrounding of existing overhead utilities; dry utilities and appurtenances; curbs,

gutters, sidewalks, bike trails (including onsite and off-site), enhanced fencing, and access ramps; street lights, signalization, and traffic signal control system; bus turnouts; signs and striping; erosion control; median and parkway landscaping and irrigation; entry monumentation as shown in Figure 12-15 of the Specific Plan; bus shelters; masonry walls; traffic control and agency fees; and other improvements related thereto. Eligible improvements for the roads listed above also include any and all necessary underground potable and non-potable water, sanitary sewer, and storm drainage system improvements.

POTABLE AND NON-POTABLE WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include any and all on- and off-site backbone water facilities designed to meet the needs of development in the Specific Plan. These facilities include, but are not limited to, potable and non-potable mains, valves, services and appurtenances; wells; and water treatment facilities.

Eligible improvements also include the Recycled Water Storage Tank Facility. Facility improvements include, but are not limited to, these: site clearing, grading and paving; curbs and gutters; recycled water storage tanks, booster pump stations and all appurtenances thereto; wells; water treatment; stand-by generator; site lighting, drainage, sanitary sewer, and water service; landscaping and irrigation; access gates, and fencing; and striping and signage.

Water rights acquisition, purchase of water supply, and transfer fees are also authorized improvements.

DRAINAGE SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include any and all backbone drainage and storm drainage improvements designed to meet the needs of development in the Specific Plan. These facilities include, but are not limited to mains, pipelines and appurtenances, outfalls and water quality measures, temporary drainage facilities, detention/retention basins and drainage pretreatment facilities; drainage ways/channels, pump stations, landscaping and irrigation; access gates, and fencing; and striping and signage.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include any and all backbone wastewater facilities designed to meet the needs of development in the Specific Plan. These facilities include, but are not limited to pipelines and all appurtenances thereto; manholes; tie-in to existing main line; force mains; lift stations; odor-control facilities; sewer treatment plant improvements and permitting related thereto; and related sewer system improvements.

Eligible improvements also include access improvements to the Pleasant Grove Wastewater Treatment Plant.

SOLID WASTE IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include any and all backbone solid waste improvements designed to meet the needs of development in the Specific Plan. Eligible improvements also include the Solid Waste Recycling Center. Facility improvements include, but are not limited to, these: site clearing, grading and paving; curbs and gutters; stand-by generator; site lighting, drainage, sanitary sewer, and water service; landscaping and irrigation; access gates, fencing, and recycle containers and bins; and striping and signage.

PARK AND PASEO IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include any and all improvements to parks and paseos located in the Specific Plan.

OPEN SPACE IMPROVEMENTS

Authorized facilities include any and all open space improvements designed to meet the needs of development in the Specific Plan, including, but not limited to: bike trails, bike/pedestrian bridges, storm drain crossings, wetland mitigation, tree mitigation, off-site hawk mitigation, agricultural mitigation, and/or wetland mitigation, property acquisition, endowment payments for open space management, landscaping and irrigation, access gates and fencing and related open space improvements.

UTILITIES

Authorized facilities include any and all utility improvements designed to meet the needs of development in the Specific Plan. All utility improvements, easement payments, and land acquisition not located under or alongside transportation improvements are considered authorized facilities.

FORMATION, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES

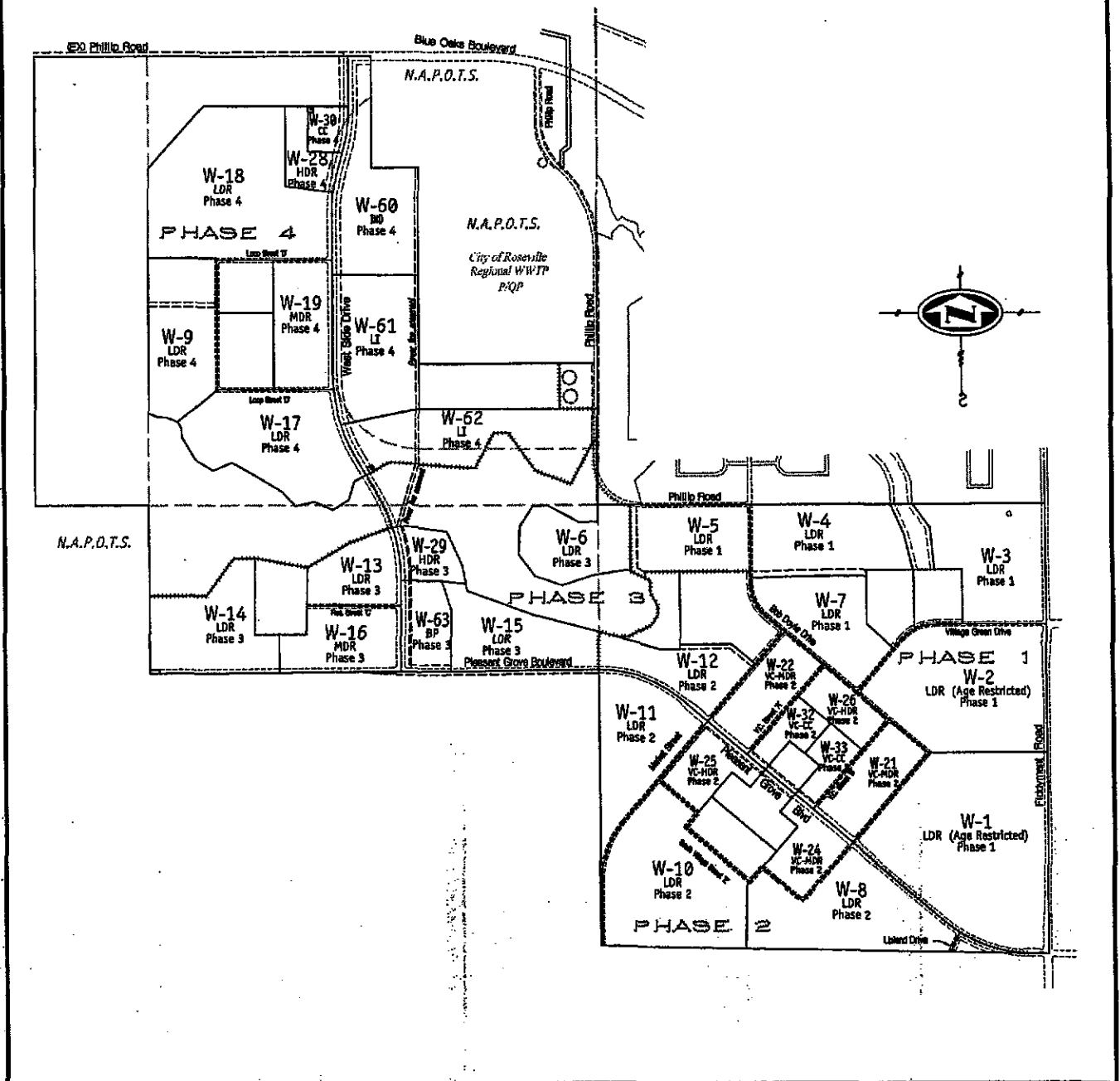
In addition to the above facilities, other incidental expenses as authorized by the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, include, but are not limited to, these: the cost of planning, permitting, and designing the facilities (including the cost of environmental evaluation, orthophotography, environmental remediation/mitigation, and preparation of an overarching Operation and Maintenance [O&M] Plan for the City of Roseville Open Space Preserves); land acquisition and easement payments for authorized CFD facilities; project management,

construction staking; engineering studies and preparation of an engineer's report for the use of recycled water; utility relocation and demolition costs incidental to the construction of the public facilities, cost associated with the creation of the CFD, issuance of bonds; determination of the amount of taxes, collection of taxes; payment of taxes; or costs otherwise incurred in order to carry out the authorized purposes of the CFD; reimbursements to other areas for infrastructure facilities serving development in the CFD; and any other expenses incidental to the construction, completion, and inspection of the facilities.

ATTACHMENT 1

CITY OF ROSEVILLE WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1 (PUBLIC FACILITIES)

IDENTIFICATION OF LARGE LOTS



ATTACHMENT 1
CITY OF ROSEVILLE
WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1
(PUBLIC FACILITIES)

IDENTIFICATION OF LARGE LOTS

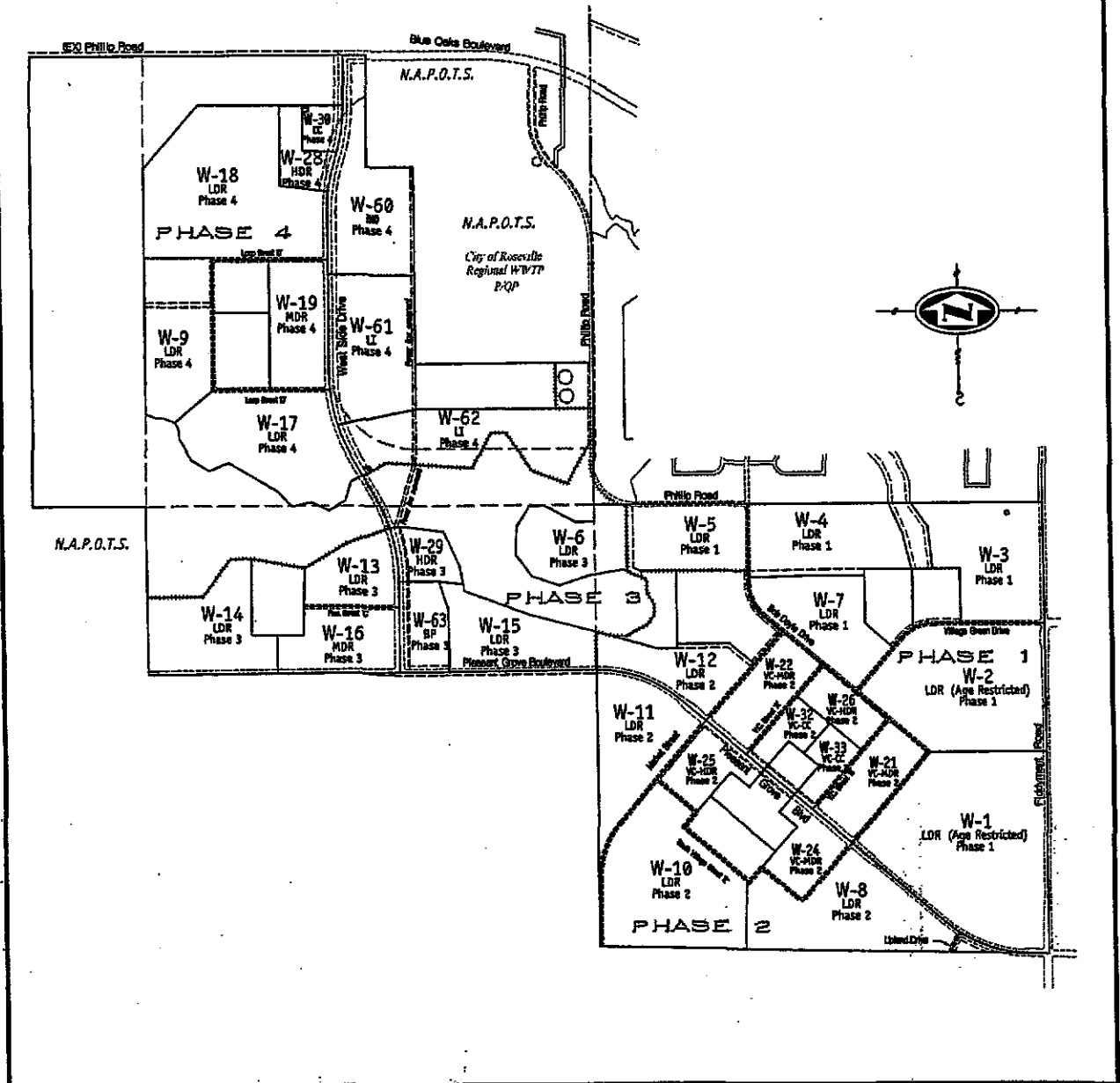


EXHIBIT C
Property Owners and Assessor Parcel Numbers

Owner Name	Assessor's Parcel Numbers
1600 Placer Investors, L.P.	017-0150-037
1600 Placer Investors, L.P.	017-0150-003
1600 Placer Investors, L.P.	017-0100-043
1600 Placer Investors, L.P.	017-0100-044
1600 Placer Investors, L.P.	017-0100-021

CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROSEVILLE

ORDINANCE NO. 4128

**ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL
OF THE CITY OF ROSEVILLE LEVYING A SPECIAL TAX
WITHIN WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 1
(PUBLIC FACILITIES)**

WHEREAS, on August 4, 2004, this Council adopted Resolution No 04-331 "Resolution of Intention of the City Council of the City of Roseville to Form Community Facilities District and Levy a Special Tax in Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities) to Finance the Acquisition and Construction of Certain Public Facilities in and for such Community Facilities District " (the "Resolution of Intention") with respect to Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities) (the "CFD") of the City pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, Chapter 2.5 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5, commencing with Section 53311, of the California Government Code (the "Act"), to finance the acquisition of certain facilities (the "Facilities"); and

WHEREAS, notice was published as required by the Act relative to the intention of the Council to form the CFD and to provide for the Facilities; and

WHEREAS, the Council has held a noticed public hearing as required by the Act relative to the determination to proceed with the formation of the CFD and the rate and method of apportionment of the special tax to be levied within the CFD to finance the costs of the Facilities; and

WHEREAS, at said hearing all persons desiring to be heard on all matters pertaining to the formation of the CFD and the levy of said special taxes were heard, substantial evidence was presented and considered by this Council and a full and fair hearing was held; and

WHEREAS, subsequent to the hearing, this City Council adopted resolutions entitled "Resolution of Formation of Community Facilities District and to Levy a Special Tax in Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities)" (the "Resolution of Formation"), "Resolution Deeming it Necessary to Incur Bonded Indebtedness in Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities)" (the "Resolution Determining Necessity") and "Resolution Calling Special Election in Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1 (Public Facilities)" which resolutions established the CFD, authorized the levy of a special tax with the CFD, determined the necessity to incur bonded indebtedness in the CFD and called an election within the CFD on the propositions of incurring indebtedness, levying a special tax, and establishing an appropriations limit within the CFD, respectively; and

WHEREAS, on September 15, 2004, a special election was held within the CFD at which the eligible landowner-electors approved such propositions by the two-thirds vote required by the Act;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROSEVILLE DOES HEREBY ORDAIN as follows:

Section 1. By the passage of this Ordinance the Council hereby authorizes and levies special taxes within the CFD pursuant to the Act, at the rate and in accordance with the formula set forth in the Resolution of Formation, which Resolution is by this reference incorporated herein. The special taxes are hereby levied commencing in fiscal year 2004-2005 and in each fiscal year thereafter until payment in full of any bonds issued by the City for the CFD (the "Bonds"), all as contemplated by the Resolution of Formation and the Resolution Determining Necessity.

Section 2. The Director of Finance of the City is hereby authorized and directed each fiscal year to determine the specific special tax rate and amount to be levied for the next ensuing fiscal year for each parcel of real property within the CFD, in the manner and as provided in the Resolution of Formation.

Section 3. Properties or entities of the State, federal or local governments shall be exempt from any levy of the special taxes. In no event shall the special taxes be levied on any parcel within the CFD in excess of the maximum tax specified in the Resolution of Formation.

Section 4. All of the collections of the special tax shall be used as provided for in the Act and in the Resolution of Formation including, but not limited to, the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds, the replenishment of the reserve fund for the Bonds, the payment of the costs of the City in administering the CFD, and the costs of collecting and administering the special tax.

Section 5. The special taxes shall be collected either by direct billing of the property owner or in the same manner as ordinary *ad valorem* taxes are collected and, in either case, shall have the same lien priority, and be subject to the same penalties and the same procedure and sale in cases of delinquency as provided for *ad valorem* taxes; provided, however, that the Council may provide for other appropriate methods of collection by resolutions of the Council. In addition, the provisions of Section 53356.1 of the Act shall apply to delinquent special tax payments.

Section 6. If for any reason any portion of this ordinance is found to be invalid, or if the special tax is found inapplicable to any particular parcel within the CFD, by a court of competent jurisdiction, the balance of this ordinance and the application of the special tax to the remaining parcels within the CFD shall not be affected.

Section 7. Upon final adoption by the City Council, this ordinance shall be published in accordance with applicable provisions of the City Charter, by either:

publishing the entire ordinance once in the *Roseville Press Tribune*, a newspaper of general circulation, published in the City of Roseville, within fourteen (14) days after its passage and adoption, either separately or as part of any published proceedings of the City Council or

posting the entire ordinance in at least three (3) public places in the City.

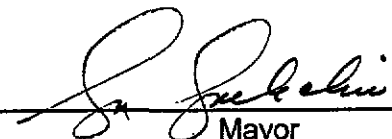
Section 8. This ordinance shall go into effect third (30) days after the date of its passage and adoption.

B.A. 4/28
PJ2

* * * * *

THE FOREGOING ORDINANCE was first read at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Roseville on the 15th day of September, 2004 and was passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Roseville on the 6th day of October, 2004.

AYES: Councilmembers Allard, Roccucci, Garbolino
NOES: Councilmembers None
ABSTAIN: Councilmembers None
ABSENT: Councilmembers Gray, Rockholm



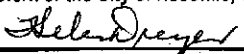
Mayor

Attest:



City Clerk

The foregoing instrument is a correct copy of the original on file in this office.

ATTEST: _____
City Clerk of the City of Roseville, California


DEPUTY CLERK

Ord. 428
10/3

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